AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Year ended June 30, 2019

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Washtenaw Technical Middle College Members of the Board of Directors and Administration June 30, 2019

Members of the Board of Directors

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Jan Gensheimer - Vice-chairman

Paulette R. Miller - Treasurer

Alex Milshteyn - Secretary

Willard Johnson - Director

Mr. Derrick Jackson - Director

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Katie Richards-Schuster – Director

Richard Landau - WCC Board Liason

Administration

Karl Covert, Ph.D. - Dean



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Washtenaw Technical Middle College Ann Arbor, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Washtenaw Technical Middle College (the Academy), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Board of Directors Washtenaw Technical Middle College Page Two

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Washtenaw Technical Middle College, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the Academy's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of the Academy's pension contributions, schedule of the Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and schedule of the Academy's OPEB contributions, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

To the Board of Directors Washtenaw Technical Middle College Page Three

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Washtenaw Technical Middle College's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information as identified in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 9, 2019 on our consideration of Washtenaw Technical Middle College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to solely describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Washtenaw Technical Middle College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Farmington Hills, Michigan October 9, 2019

UHY LLP

This section of Washtenaw Technical Middle College's (the "Academy") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Academy's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with Academy's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Washtenaw Technical Middle College financially as a whole. The government-wide statements provide information about the activities of the whole Academy, presenting both an aggregate view of the Academy's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the Academy's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Academy's most significant fund – the General Fund. The remaining statement, the statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities, presents financial information about activities for which the Academy acts solely as an agent for the benefit of students and parents. The components of the annual report are as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplementary Information)

Basic Financial Statements

Governement-wide Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Budgetary Information for Major Fund Required Supplementary Information Other Supplementary Information

Reporting the Academy as a Whole – Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the Academy is, "As a whole, what is the Academy's financial condition as result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities, which appear first in the Academy's financial statements, report information on the Academy as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets and liabilities, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most by private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the Academy's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities, as reported in the statement of net position – which is one way to measure the Academy's financial health or financial position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the Academy's net position – as reported in the statement of activities – are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the Academy's operating results. However, the Academy's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as quality of the education provided, to asses overall health of the Academy.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report the governmental activities for the Academy, which encompass all of the Academy's services, including instruction and support services. Unrestricted state aid (foundation allowance revenue) and state grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the Academy's Most Significant Fund – Fund Financial Statements

The Academy's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Academy's General Fund – not the Academy as a whole. The governmental fund of the Academy uses the following accounting approach:

All of the Academy's services are reported in the governmental fund. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the Academy and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Academy's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and the governmental fund in a reconciliation.

The Academy as Trustee – Reporting the Academy's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The Academy is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its student activity funds. All of the Academy's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities. We exclude these activities from the Academy's other financial statements because the Academy cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Academy is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in the funds are used for their intended purposes.

The Academy as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the Academy as a whole. The following table provides a summary of the Academy's net position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	Governmental Activities			
	2019	2018		
ASSETS				
Current and other assets	\$ 6,299,804	\$ 4,436,409		
Capital assets	131,401	135,501		
Οαριία: α530t3	101,401	100,001		
Total Assets	6,431,205	4,571,910		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amount of pension expense related to net				
pension liability	2,342,180	1,574,064		
Deferred amount of OPEB expense related to net	054.040	00.000		
OPEB liability	351,940	88,239		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 9,125,325	\$ 6,234,213		
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities	\$ 909,094	\$ 647,232		
Long-term liabilities	6,725,924	5,849,475		
Total liabilities	7,635,018	6,496,707		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amount of net pension liability	606,866	409,392		
Deferred amount of net OPEB liability	325,015	50,438		
Total liabilities and deferred inflow of resources	8,566,899	6,956,537		
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets	131,401	135,501		
Unrestricted (deficit)	427,025	(857,825)		
,				
Total net position	<u>\$ 558,426</u>	<u>\$ (722,324)</u>		

The above analysis focuses on the net position (see above table). The change in net position (see table below) of the Academy's governmental activities is discussed below. The Academy's net positions was approximately \$558,000 at June 30, 2019. Capital assets totaling approximately \$131,000 represent the original cost less depreciation of the Academy's capital assets.

The approximately \$427,000 in unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. The unrestricted net position balance enables the Academy to meet working capital and cash flow requirements as well as to provide for future uncertainties.

The net pension liability, net OPEB liability and related expenses have a significant impact on the Academy's Total Net Position. These are not new liabilities. They have been a shared responsibility of all Michigan public schools since the 1990's. In order to provide useful employer-level pension information, improve transparency, and to make it easier to compare public pension plans by standardizing financial reporting requirements, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are now being recorded on the Academy-wide financial statements. They are not immediately due and cannot be paid off under an accelerated schedule. The pension and OPEB expenses represents the change in net pension and OPEB liabilities from year to year and can change materially from year to year depending on new retirees to the system and the number of employer contributions made to the systems.

The Office of Retirement Services calculates the total pension and OPEB liabilities. The proportionate share for each Academy is calculated based on the prior year's total pension and OPEB contributions to the systems.

These large liabilities have a significant impact on the unrestricted net position of the Academy but do not affect the Academy's governmental-fund financial statements.

The operating results of the General Fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net position from year to year. Approximately, \$1,000,000 has been set aside for the support and development of Washtenaw Technical Middle College.

The results of the year's operations for the Academy as a whole are reported in the statement of activities (see table below), which shows the changes in net assets for fiscal years 2019 and 2018.

	Governmental Activities			
	2019			2018
Revenue				
Program Revenue				
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	15
Operating grants		506,243		451,275
General Revenue				
State foundation allowance		7,112,670		6,463,794
Other		5,738		1,863
Total revenue		7,624,651		6,916,947
Functions/Program Expenses				
Instruction		4,472,366		4,336,971
Support services		1,838,953		1,415,852
Depreciation (unallocated)		32,582		9,739
Total functions/program expenses		6,343,901		5,762,562
Change in Net Position	\$	1,280,750	\$	1,154,385

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$6,343,901. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the programs or by other governments that subsidized certain programs with grants of \$506,243. We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$7,112,670 in state foundation allowance and with our other revenues, i.e., interest.

The Academy experienced an increase in net position of \$1,280,750 which was primarily due to the increase in state aid received in the current year.

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Academy by each of these functions. Since unrestricted state aid constitutes the vast majority of Academy operating revenue sources, the board of directors and administration must annually evaluate the needs of the Academy and balance those needs with state-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

The Academy's Governmental Funds

As we noted earlier, the Academy uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the Academy is being held accountable for the resources the State and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the Academy's overall financial health.

As the Academy completed this year, the General Fund reported a fund balance of \$5,390,710, which is an increase of \$1,601,533 from last year.

General Fund balance is available to fund costs related to allowable school operating purposes and to maintain adequate cash flow. This is important as no state aid revenue is received in September and without adequate fund balance to maintain cash flow, the Academy would need to borrow funds and would spend additional funds on interest costs.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Academy revises its budget at its attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The final amendment to the budget was adopted in June 2019. A schedule showing the Academy's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in required supplementary information of these financial statements.

There were no significant variances between the final budget and actual amounts.

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2019, the Academy invested \$336,750 in furniture and equipment without any debt outstanding. Accumulated depreciation totaled \$205,349, which results in a book value of \$131,401.

No major capital projects are planned for the 2019-2020 fiscal year. We present more detail information about our capital assets in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Our board of directors and administration consider many factors when setting the Academy's 2019-2020 fiscal year budget. One of the most important factors affecting the budget is our student count. The state foundation revenue is determined by multiplying the blended student count by the foundation allowance per pupil. The blend count for the 2019-2020 fiscal year is 10 percent and 90 percent of the February 2019 and October 2019 student counts respectively. The 2019-2020 budget was adopted in June 2019, based on an estimate of students that will be enrolled in October 2019. Substantially all of the General Fund revenue is from the foundation allowance. As a result, Academy funding is dependent on the State's ability to fund local school operations. Based on early enrollment data at the start of the 2019-2020 school year, we anticipate that the fall student count will be approximately 920. Once the final student counts and related per pupil funding is validated, state law requires the Academy to amend the budget if actual Academy resources are not sufficient to fund original appropriations.

Since the Academy's revenue is dependent on state funding and the health of the State's School Aid Fund, the actual revenue received depends on the State's ability to collect revenues to fund its appropriations to school districts. The State periodically holds a revenue-estimating conference to estimate revenues. If the State determines at this conference that funds are not sufficient to fund the appropriations, the Legislature must revise the appropriation or a proration of state aid will occur.

Requests for Information

Questions concerning any of the information contained in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Washtenaw Technical Middle College Dean, 4800 East Huron River Drive, Ann Arbor, MI 48105. The Academy's past and current budgets and audited financials are available on the Academy's website: www.themiddlecollege.org.

WASHTENAW TECHNICAL MIDDLE COLLEGE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS Cash Accounts receivable Due from other governmental units Certificates of deposit Prepaid items Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 2,836,734 30,796 1,399,734 2,012,879 19,661 131,401
Total Assets	6,431,205
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources related to pension Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	2,342,180 351,940 \$ 9,125,325
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenditures Accrued salaries payable Noncurrent liabilities Postemployment benefit obligation Net pension liability	\$ 352,027 237,081 319,986 1,444,952 5,280,972
Total liabilities	7,635,018
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources related to pension Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	606,866 325,015
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	8,566,899
NET POSITION Invested in capital assets Unrestricted	131,401 427,025
Total net position	\$ 558,426

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Program Revenues				
	Expenses			rges for rvices			R (et (Expense) evenue and Changes in let Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental activities Instruction	\$	4,472,366	\$	_	\$	202,362	\$	(4,270,004)
Supporting services Depreciation (unallocated)		1,838,953 32,582		-		303,881		(1,535,072) (32,582)
Total governmental activities	\$	6,343,901	\$	-	\$	506,243		(5,837,658)
	St	NERAL REVE ate aid - unres terest earning	stricted					7,112,670 5,738
		Total genera	l revenue	es				7,118,408
		Change in n	et positi	on				1,280,750
	NE	FPOSITION -	Beginnin	g of year				(722,324)
	NE	FPOSITION -	Ending o	of year			\$	558,426

Governmental Fund Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	G	eneral Fund
ASSETS Cash Accounts receivable Due from other governmental units Certificates of deposit Prepaid items	\$	2,836,734 30,796 1,399,734 2,012,879 19,688
Total Assets	\$	6,299,831
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenditures Accrued salaries payable	\$	352,054 237,081 319,986
Total Liabilities		909,121
FUND BALANCE Non-spendable		
Prepaid items Assigned Academy development		19,688 1,000,000
Unassigned		4,371,022
Total fund balance		5,390,710
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	6,299,831

RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

TOTAL FUND BALANCES FOR GOVERNEMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 5,390,710
Total net position for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	131,401
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources	
Deferred inflows of resources resulting from net pension liability	(606,866)
Deferred outflows of resources resulting from net pension liability	2,342,180
Deferred inflows of resources resulting from net OPEB liability	(325,015)
Deferred outflows of resources resulting from net OPEB liability	351,940
Long-term liabilities applicable to governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities	
Net pension liability	(5,280,972)
Net OPEB liability	(1,444,952)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 558,426

WASHTENAW TECHNICAL MIDDLE COLLEGE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 General Fund
REVENUES	
Local sources	\$ 5,738
State sources	7,522,815
Interdistrict sources	 96,098
Total revenues	 7,624,651
EXPENDITURES	
Current	
Education	
Instruction	4,239,880
Supporting services	1,759,809
Capital outlay	 23,429
Total expenditures	 6,023,118
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,601,533
FUND BALANCE - beginning	 3,789,177
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$ 5,390,710

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 1,601,53	3
Total change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay Depreciation expense	28,48 (32,58	
The statement of net position reports the net pension and OPEB liabilities and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to the net pension and OPEB liabilities and pension and OPEB expense. However, the amount recorded on the governmental funds equals actual pension contributions. Net change in net pension liability	(934,10)5)
Net change in the deferred inflow/outflow of resources related to the net pension liability Net change in net OPEB liability	570,64 46,97	
Net change in the deferred inflow/outflow of resources related to the net OPEB liability	(10,87	
Expenses are recorded when incurred in the statement of activities Compensated absences	 10,68	0
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,280,75	0

WASHTENAW TECHNICAL MIDDLE COLLEGE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Agency Fund
ASSETS Cash	<u>\$ 15,121</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to student activity groups	206 14,915
Total liabilities	\$ 15.121

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Washtenaw Technical Middle College (the Academy) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the Academy's significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

The Academy was formed as a charter school academy pursuant to the Michigan School Code of 1976, as amended by Act No. 362 of the Public Acts of 1993 and Act No. 416 of the Public Accounts of 1994.

The Academy has entered into a contract with Washtenaw Community College (WCC) to charter a public school academy through June 30, 2022. The contract requires the Academy to act exclusively as a governmental agency and not undertake any action inconsistent with its status as an entity authorized to receive state school aid funds pursuant to the State Constitution. WCC is the fiscal agent for the Academy and is responsible for overseeing the Academy's compliance with the contract and all applicable laws. The Academy pays WCC three percent of the state aid foundation as administrative fees. The total administrative fees for the year to WCC was approximately \$213,000.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. The Academic and Career Education Academy Board of Directors (Board) is the primary government that has oversight responsibility and control over all activities related to public education in the Academy. The Board receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in GASB pronouncements.

The board has separate legal standing and is fiscally independent of other government entities. As such, the Board has decision-making authority, the right to determine its budget, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters. The Board does not include any other component within its financial statements.

Academy-wide Financial Statements

The Academy's basic financial statements include both Academy-wide (reporting for the Academy as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting for the Academy as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Academy's majors funds). The Academy-wide financial statements categorize all non-fiduciary activities as governmental activities.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The statement of net position presents governmental activities on a consolidated basis, using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This method recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Academy's net position is reported in two parts (1) net investment in capital assets, and (2) unrestricted net position.

The statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Academy's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (certain intergovernmental revenues). The statement of activities reduces gross expenses, including depreciation by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (state sources and federal sources, interest income, etc.). The Academy does not allocate indirect costs.

The Academy-wide focus is on sustainability of the Academy as an entity and the change in the Academy's net position resulting from current year activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the Academy-wide financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Academy considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Unrestricted state aid, restricted state aid, intergovernmental grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

Fiduciary fund statements also are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Academy reports the following major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is used to record the general operations of the Academy pertaining to education and those operations not required to be provided for in other funds.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Additionally, the Academy reports the following fund type:

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u> – Fiduciary Fund is used to account for assets held by the Academy in a trustee capacity or as an agent. The Agency Fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve the measurement of results of operations. This fund is used to record the transactions of student groups for school and school-related purposes.

Assets, Liabilities and Equity

<u>Cash</u> – Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired.

<u>Receivables</u> – All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. The Academy considers all accounts receivable to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded.

<u>Prepaid items</u> – Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years. For such payments in the governmental funds the Academy follows the consumption method, and they therefore are capitalized as prepaid items in both district-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Capital assets</u> – Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair market value at the date of donation. The Academy defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost in excess of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. The Academy does not have infrastructure assets. Equipment and furniture are depreciated using the straight-line method over a five year useful life.

<u>Deferred outflows of resources</u> – A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. For Academy-wide financial statements, the Academy reports deferred outflows of resources as a result of changes in proportion and differences between the Academy's contributions and the proportionate share of pension and OPEB contributions as defined by the Michigan Public Schools Employees Retirement System. Changes in assumptions relating to the net pension liability are deferred and amortized over the expected remaining services lives of the employees and retirees in the plan. The Academy also reported deferred outflows of resources for pension and OPEB contributions made after the measurement date. These amounts will reduce net pension and OPEB liabilities in the following year.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The Academy accrues for compensated absences which consists of sick time earned and vested. The entire vested amount is considered long-term as the amount expended each year is expected to be offset by sick time earned for the next year. In 2018, the Academy amended its policy, and no longer allows sick time to be carried forward after year end.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Pension</u> – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Deferred inflows of resources</u> – A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. For governmental funds this includes unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. For Academy-wide financial statements, the Academy reports deferred inflows of resources as a result of pension and OPEB earnings. These amounts are the result of differences between what the plan expected to earn from plan investments and what the plan actually earned. These amounts will be amortized over the next four years and included in pension and OPEB expense. Changes in assumptions relating to the net pension liability are deferred and amortized over the expected remaining services lives of the employees and retirees in the plan. Deferred inflows of resources also includes revenue received relating to the amounts included in the deferred outflows for payments related to MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (UAAL) Stabilization defined benefit pension statutorily required contributions.

<u>Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions</u> – For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefits provided (including comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries) cover a portion of total healthcare costs and the remaining premiums are deducted from the monthly pension payments for each retiree healthcare recipient. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Fund Equity</u> – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in the following categories:

Non-spendable – amounts that are not available in a spendable form.

<u>Restricted</u> – amounts that are legally imposed or otherwise required by external parties to be used for a specific purpose.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Committed</u> – amounts that have been formally set aside by the Board of Education for specific purposes. A fund balance commitment may be established, modified, or rescinded by a resolution of the Board of Education.

<u>Assigned</u> – amounts intended to be used for specific purposes, as determined by the Board of Directors. \$1,000,000 is assigned for the support and development of the Academy.

<u>Unassigned</u> – all other resources; the remaining fund balances after non-spendable, restrictions, commitments and assignments.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Academy's policy is to consider restricted funds spent first.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts could be used, the Academy's policy is to consider the funds to be spent in the following order: (1) committed, (2) assigned, (3) unassigned.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, as well as deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Upcoming Accounting and Reporting Changes

Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* improves the guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The focus of the criteria includes the flowing: (1) is the government controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable are: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally will report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or a similar arrangement that meets specific criteria. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, which improves accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The provisions of this statement are effective for the Academy's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2021.

The Academy is evaluating the impact that the above pronouncements will have on its financial reporting.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. GAAP and state law for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end, and thereby canceling all encumbrances. These appropriations are reestablished at the beginning of the fiscal year.

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the function level. State law requires the Academy to have its budget in place by July 1. An Academy is not considered in violation of the law if reasonable procedures are in use by the Academy to detect violations.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Directors throughout the year. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS

The Academy's deposits were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Governmental Activities	Fiduciary Funds	Total Primary Government
Cash Certificates of deposit	\$ 2,836,734 2,012,879	\$ 15,121	\$ 2,851,855 2,012,879
	\$ 4,849,613	\$ 15,121	\$ 4,864,734

<u>Interest rate risk</u> – In accordance with its investment policy, the Academy manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the Academy's cash requirements.

<u>Credit risk</u> – State statutes and the Academy's investment policy authorize the Academy to make deposits in the accounts of federally insure banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have an office in Michigan; the Academy is allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or Agency obligations, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase, mutual funds, and investment pools that are compose of authorized investment vehicles.

<u>Concentration of credit risk</u> – The Academy's investment policy requires diversification so the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

<u>Custodial credit risk – deposits</u> – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Academy's deposits may not be returned to it. As of year-end, \$2,698,292 of the Academy's bank balance of \$4,961,171 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of the changes in governmental capital assets is as follows:

Governmental activities	Beginning Balance	_A	dditions	Redu	ctions	Ending Balance
Capital assets being depreciated Equipment and furniture	\$ 308,268	\$	28,482	\$	-	\$ 336,750
Less accumulated depreciation for Equipment and furniture	172,767		32,582			205,349
Net capital assets	\$ 135,501	\$	(4,100)	\$		\$ 131,401

Depreciation expense was not charged to activities as the Academy considers its assets to impact multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term obligation activity is summarized as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance	
Compensated absences	\$	10,680	\$		\$	10,680	\$	

NOTE 6 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, employee injuries (workers' compensation) and certain medical benefits provided to employees. The Academy has purchased commercial insurance for general liability, property and casualty and health and vision claims.

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members— eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2017 valuation will be amortized over a 21-year period beginning October 1, 2017 and ending September 30, 2038.

The schedule below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Pension (Contribution	Rates
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Benefit Structure	Member	Employer		
Basic	0.00 - 4.00%	17.89%		
Member Investment Plan	3.00 - 7.00%	17.89%		
Pension Plus	3.00 - 6.40%	16.61%		
Pension Plus 2	6.20%	19.74%		
Defined Contribution	0.00%	13.54%		

Required contributions to the pension plan from Washtenaw Technical Middle College were \$478,355 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, Washtenaw Technical Middle College reported a liability of \$5,280,972 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2017. Washtenaw Technical Middle College's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2018, Washtenaw Technical Middle College's proportion was .018 percent, which was an increase of .01 percent from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2017.

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

For the year ending June 30, 2019, Washtenaw Technical Middle College recognized pension expense of \$974,860. At June 30, 2019, Washtenaw Technical Middle College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 24,505	\$ (38,376)	
Changes of assumptions	1,223,069	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	(361,084)	
Changes in proportion and differences between reporting unit contributions and proportionate share of contributions	559,788	(5,044)	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	534,818	(202,362)	
	\$ 2,342,180	\$ (606,866)	

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Deferred (Inflow) and Deferred Outflow of Resources by Year (To Be Recognized in Future Pension Expenses)

(10 Do 1000ginzoa in 1 diaro 1 onoion Exponeso)				
	Amount			
\$	626,721			
	425,619			
	257,052			
	93,466			
\$	1,402,858			
	\$			

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions:

- Valuation Date: September 30, 2017
- Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age, Normal
- Wage inflation rate: 2.75%
- Investment Rate of returns:
 - o MIP and Basic Plans: 7.05%
 - o Pension Plus Plan: 7.00%
 - o Pension Plus 2 Plan: 6.00%
- Projected Salary Increases: 2.75-11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%
- Cost-of-living Pension Adjustments: 3.00% Annual Non-Compounded for MIP Members
- Mortality:
 - Retirees: RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 82.00% for males and 78.00% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
 - Active Members: P-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled 100.00% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Notes:

- Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability as of September 30, 2018, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2017, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.
- Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees in years is 4.5304
- Recognition period for assets in years: 5.0000
- o Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2018 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report found on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	28.00%	5.70%
Private Equity Pools	18.00%	9.20%
International Equity Pools	16.00%	7.20%
Fixed Income Pools	10.50%	0.50%
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.00%	3.90%
Absolute Return Pools	15.50%	5.20%
Short-Term Investment Pools	2.00%	0.00%
	100.00%	

^{*}Long term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.30% inflation

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investment, net of pension plan investment expense, was 11.11%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 7.05% was used to measure the total pension liability (7.00% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan provided through non-university employers only). This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.05% (7.00% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents Washtenaw Technical Middle College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.05% (7.00% for the Hybrid Plan), as well as what Washtenaw Technical Middle College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher:

			Current Single		
			Discount Rate		
	1.00% Decrease		Assumption		1% Increase
6.05% / 6.00% / 5.00%		7.50% / 7.00% / 6.00%		8.05% / 8.00% / 7.00%	
(6,933,509	\$	5,280,972	\$	3,907,983

0 (0)

Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS CAFR, available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Payables to the Pension Plan

There were no significant payables to the pension plan that are not ordinary accruals to the Academy.

^{*}Discount rates listed in the following order: Basic and Member Investment Plan (MIP), Pension Plus, and Pension Plus 2.

NOTE 8 – OPEB PLANS

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members— eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's health plan provides all eligible retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available on the ORS website at http://www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

NOTE 8 – OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3.00% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3.00% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2.00% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2.00% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3.00% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer OPEB contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2017 valuation will be amortized over a 21-year period beginning October 1, 2017 and ending September 30, 2038.

The schedule below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Benefit Structure	Member	Employer
Premium Subsidy Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	3.00% 0.00%	6.44% 6.13%

Required contributions to the OPEB plan from Washtenaw Technical Middle College were \$117,992 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

WASHTENAW TECHNICAL MIDDLE COLLEGE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 – OPEB PLANS (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, Washtenaw Technical Middle College reported a liability of \$1,444,952 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2017. Washtenaw Technical Middle College's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2018, Washtenaw Technical Middle College's proportion was .018 percent, which was an increase of .01 percent from its proportion measured as of October 1, 2017.

For the year ending June 30, 2019, Washtenaw Technical Middle College recognized OPEB expense of \$92,175. At June 30, 2019, Washtenaw Technical Middle College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	0	Deferred outflows of desources	Deferred Inflows o Resource		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	(268,943)	
Changes of assumptions		153,021		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		(55,533)	
Changes in proportion and differences between reporting unit contributions and proportionate share of contributions		100,104		(539)	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		98,815		<u>-</u>	
	\$	351,940	\$	(325,015)	

WASHTENAW TECHNICAL MIDDLE COLLEGE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 – OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Deferred (Inflow) and Deferred Outflow of Resources by Year
(To Be Recognized in Future OPER Expenses)

(10 be Recognized in Future OFED Expenses)							
Plan Year Ending September 30	Amount						
2019 2020 2021 2022	\$	(20,701) (20,701) (20,701) (9,377)					
2023		(410)					
Total	\$	(71,890)					

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions:

- Valuation Date: September 30, 2017
- Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age, Normal
- Wage Inflation Rate: 2.75%
- Investment Rate of Return: 7.15%
- Projected Salary Increases: 2.75% 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%
- Healthcare Cost Trend Rate: 7.50% Year 1 graded to 3.00% Year 12
- Mortality:
 - Retirees: RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
 - Active Members: RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

WASHTENAW TECHNICAL MIDDLE COLLEGE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 – OPEB PLANS (Continued)

- Other Assumptions:
 - Opt Out Assumptions: 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.
 - Survivor Coverage: 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have coverages continuing after the retiree's death.
 - Coverage Election at Retirement: 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

Notes:

- Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation. The total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2018, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2017, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.
- Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees in years is 5.6018
- o Recognition period for assets in years is 5.0000
- Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2018 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report found on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

WASHTENAW TECHNICAL MIDDLE COLLEGE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 – OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Accet Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Retuin
Domestic Equity Pools	28.00%	5.70%
Private Equity Pools	18.00%	9.20%
International Equity Pools	16.00%	7.20%
Fixed Income Pools	10.50%	0.50%
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.00%	3.90%
Absolute Return Pools	15.50%	5.20%
Short-Term Investment Pools	2.00%	0.00%
	100.00%	

^{*}Long term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.30% inflation

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investment, net of OPEB plan investment expense, was 10.75%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 – OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 7.15% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents Washtenaw Technical Middle College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what Washtenaw Technical Middle College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

			Current			
1.0	0% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1.00% Increase		
6.15%		7.15%		8.15%		
\$	1,734,635	\$	1,444,952	\$	1,201,293	

Sensitivity of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents Washtenaw Technical Middle College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using assumed trend rates, as well as what Washtenaw Technical Middle College's proportionate share of net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

			Current		
		Н	ealthcare Cost		
1.0	0% Decrease		Trend Rate	1.0	00% Increase
6.50%		7.50%			8.50%
\$	1,188,457	\$	1,444,952	\$	1,739,204

WASHTENAW TECHNICAL MIDDLE COLLEGE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 – OPEB PLANS (Continued)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued 2018 MPSERS CAFR, available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Payables to the OPEB Plan

There were no significant payables to the OPEB plan that are not ordinary accruals to the Academy.

NOTE 9 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subjected to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of costs which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Academy expects such amounts, if any to be immaterial.

NOTE 10 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Washtenaw Community College board of trustees (WCC) is the chartering body for the Academy. As such, WCC also acts as the fiscal agent for the Academy and has oversight responsibilities for the Academy. The Academy has entered into several contractual agreements with WCC which are renewed annually, including the following:

Facility Use License Agreement

Under this agreement, WCC granted the Academy a license to use space located on the WCC campus through June 30, 2019. For the year ended June 30, 2019, a license fee of \$76,116 was paid by the Academy to WCC.

Administrative and Educational Support Services Agreement

Under this agreement, effective through June 30, 2019, WCC agrees to provide the Academy with purchasing services, computer services, promotional services, security services, receiving and mail services. In addition, as part of this agreement, WCC agrees to provide limited student counseling, career counseling, and library services. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Academy paid WCC \$75,000 under this agreement.

The Academy also incurred \$212,529 of administrative fees to WCC, which was 3% of State Aid received. At June 30, 2019, \$38,502 of administrative fees were owed to WCC.

WASHTENAW TECHNICAL MIDDLE COLLEGE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Joint Enrollment Agreement

Under this agreement, Academy students may be jointly enrolled in both the Academy and WCC. The Academy pays all WCC tuition and fees for students enrolled at WCC. Total expenditures to WCC under this agreement were \$1,660,949 for the year ended June 30, 2019.



WASHTENAW TECHNICAL MIDDLE COLLEGE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Original	Final	Actual	ver (Under) nal Budget
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 1,600	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,738	\$ 738
State sources	6,612,370	7,483,070	7,522,815	39,745
Interdistrict sources	 70,000	 75,803	 96,098	 20,295
Total revenues	 6,683,970	7,563,873	7,624,651	60,778
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction				
Basic programs	4,932,499	4,822,528	4,236,933	(585,595)
Added needs	41,500	41,500	2,947	(38,553)
Supporting services				
Pupil	301,641	515,939	398,483	(117,456)
Workshops and conferences	8,500	22,200	17,899	(4,301)
General administration	26,000	29,000	19,844	(9,156)
School administration	769,510	811,357	741,595	(69,762)
Business	305,001	329,417	324,100	(5,317)
Operations and maintenance	93,000	94,116	92,208	(1,908)
Pupil transportation services	2,000	2,000	734	(1,266)
Central services	178,319	166,890	164,946	(1,944)
Capital outlay	15,000	 186,000	 23,429	 (162,571)
Total expenditures	6,672,970	 7,020,947	 6,023,118	(997,829)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	11,000	542,926	1,601,533	1,058,607
FUND BALANCE - beginning	 3,789,177	3,789,177	3,789,177	
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$ 3,800,177	\$ 4,332,103	\$ 5,390,710	\$ 1,058,607

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS
PLAN YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30

		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
A.	Reporting unit's proportion of net pension liability (%)	0.017567%	0.016774%	0.015400%	0.013700%	0.011430%
B.	Reporting unit's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 5,280,972	\$ 4,346,867	\$ 3,832,052	\$ 3,338,789	\$ 2,517,433
C.	Reporting unit's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,559,390	\$ 1,444,798	\$ 1,427,402	\$ 1,144,062	\$ 978,211
D.	Reporting unit's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	338.66%	300.86%	268.46%	291.84%	257.35%
E.	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS
MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF JUNE 30 OF EACH YEAR)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
A. Statutorily required pension contributions	\$ 434,502	\$ 393,440	\$ 253,041	\$ 255,686	\$ 252,611
B. Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	434,502	393,440	253,041	255,686	252,611
C. Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -
D. Reporting unit's covered-employee payroll	\$1,659,113	\$1,444,798	\$1,434,072	\$1,373,420	\$1,128,337
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	26.19%	27.23%	17.64%	18.62%	22.39%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS
PLAN YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30

		 2018	 2017
A.	Employer's proportion of net OPEB liability (%)	0.18%	0.17%
B.	Employer's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 1,444,952	\$ 1,491,928
C.	Employer's covered payroll (OPEB)	\$ 1,559,390	\$ 1,444,798
D.	Employer's proportionate share of net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	92.66%	103.26%
E.	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	42.95%	36.39%

See notes to financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS
MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

		 2019	 2018
A.	Statutorily required OPEB contributions	\$ 128,947	\$ 131,165
B.	OPEB contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions*	128,947	131,165
C.	Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$ _
D.	Employer's covered payroll	\$ 1,659,113	\$ 1,522,377
E.	OPEB contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.77%	8.62%

See notes to financial statements.

WASHTENAW TECHNICAL MIDDLE COLLEGE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2019

Pension Information

Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented in both of the pension-related schedules. The number of years currently presented represents the number of years since the accounting standard requiring these schedules first became applicable.

Benefit Changes

There were no changes of benefit terms in 2018.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions in 2018.

Covered Payroll

The employers' covered payroll to be reported in the required supplemental information is defined by GASB No. 82, *Pension Issues - An Amendment to GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73,* as payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based and by GASB No. 85, *Omnibus 2017,* as payroll on which contributions to the OPEB plan are based. For the Academy, covered payroll represents payroll on which contributions to both plans are based.

OPEB Information

Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented in both of the OPEB-related schedules. The number of years currently presented represents the number of years since the accounting standard requiring these schedules first became applicable.

Benefit Changes

There were no changes of benefit terms in 2018.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions in 2018.

Covered Payroll

The employers' covered payroll to be reported in the required supplemental information is defined by GASB No. 82, *Pension Issues - An Amendment to GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73,* as payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based and by GASB No. 85, *Omnibus 2017,* as payroll on which contributions to the OPEB plan are based. For the Academy, covered payroll represents payroll on which contributions to both plans are based.



WASHTENAW TECHNICAL MIDDLE COLLEGE COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30

	2019	2018
ASSETS Cash Accounts receivable Due from other governmental units Certificates of deposit Prepaid items	\$ 2,836,734 30,796 1,399,734 2,012,879 19,688	\$ 2,640,141 19,248 1,256,819 508,029 12,172
Total Assets	\$ 6,299,831	\$ 4,436,409
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenditures Accrued salaries payable Total Liabilities	\$ 352,054 237,081 319,986 909,121	\$ 293,813 142,004 211,415 647,232
FUND BALANCE Non-spendable Prepaid items Assigned - academy development Unassigned	19,688 1,000,000 4,371,022	12,172 1,000,000 2,777,005
Total fund balance	5,390,710	3,789,177
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 6,299,831	\$ 4,436,409

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COMPARED TO BUDGET - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES FROM LOCAL SOURCES Earnings on investments	\$ 1,600	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,738	\$ 738
Total revenues from local sources	1,600	5,000	5,738	738
REVENUES FROM STATE SOURCES Grants - unrestricted Grants - restricted	6,260,203 352,167	7,077,151 405,919	7,112,670 410,145	35,519 4,226
Total revenues from state sources	6,612,370	7,483,070	7,522,815	39,745
INTERDISTRICT SOURCES ISD collected millage (Act 18 funds)	70,000	75,803	96,098	20,295
Total revenue	\$ 6,683,970	\$ 7,563,873	\$ 7,624,651	\$ 60,778

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
BASIC PROGRAM - HIGH SCHOOL				
Salaries	\$1,223,559	\$1,008,611	\$1,063,161	\$ 54,550
Employee benefits Purchased services	808,467	693,717	694,305	588 (354,650)
Supplies and materials	2,307,273 462,200	2,426,780 542,420	2,072,130 350,372	(354,650) (192,048)
Other	131,000	151,000	56,965	(94,035)
Total high school	4,932,499	4,822,528	4,236,933	(585,595)
ADDED NEEDS - SPECIAL EDUCATION Salaries Employee benefits				
Purchased services	40,500	40,500	2,455	(38,045)
Supplies and Materials	1,000	1,000	492	(508)
Total special education	41,500	41,500	2,947	(38,553)
PUPIL - GUIDANCE SERVICES				
Salaries	144,173	234,000	152,185	(81,815)
Employee benefits	98,426	165,737	139,114	(26,623)
Purchased services Other	54,042 5,000	111,202 5,000	107,184 -	(4,018) (5,000)
Total guidance services	301,641	515,939	398,483	(117,456)
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION - BOARD OF EDUCATION				
Purchased services	21,000	24,000	18,024	(5,976)
Supplies and materials	5,000	5,000	1,820	(3,180)
Total board of education	26,000	29,000	19,844	(9,156)
SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION - OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL				
Salaries	457,567	494,574	474,434	(20,140)
Employee benefits	249,343	251,783	222,648	(29,135)
Purchased services Supplies and materials	20,100 29,000	20,600 28,000	14,019 16,675	(6,581) (11,325)
Other	13,500	16,400	13,819	(2,581)
Total office of the principal	769,510	811,357	741,595	(69,762)
SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION - OTHER				
Workshops and conferences Supplies and materials	8,500	16,100 6,100	15,028 2,871	(1,072) (3,229)
Total Other	8,500	22,200	17,899	(4,301)
BUSINESS - FISCAL SERVICES				
Other	42,750	42,750	36,571	(6,179)
BUSINESS - OTHER				
Purchased services	75,000	75,000	75,000	-
Other - admin fee	187,251	211,667	212,529	862
Total other business	262,251	286,667	287,529	862
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE - OPERATING BUILDING				
SERVICES Purchased services	93,000	94,116	92,208	(1,908)
PUPIL TRANSPORTATION SERVICES Purchased services	2,000	2,000	734	(1,266)
CENTRAL - SUPPORT SERVICES TECHNOLOGY				
Salaries	100,380	99,500	101,486	1,986
Employee benefits Purchased services	68,689 9,250	56,640 10,750	53,422 10,038	(3,218) (712)
Tutoriadoa dervided	3,200	10,700	10,000	(112)
Total support services technology	178,319	166,890	164,946	(1,944)
CAPITAL OUTLAY Basic program - high school	15,000	186,000	23,429	(162,571)
Total expenditures	\$6,672,970	\$7,020,947	\$6,023,118	\$ (997,829)



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Management and the Board of Directors Washtenaw Technical Middle College Ann Arbor, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Washtenaw Technical Middle College, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Washtenaw Technical Middle College's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon date October 9, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Washtenaw Technical Middle College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Washtenaw Technical Middle College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Washtenaw Technical Middle College's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Washtenaw Technical Middle College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Management and the Board of Directors Washtenaw Technical Middle College October 9, 2019 Page Two

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hy LLP
Farmington Hills, Michigan
October 9, 2019